



ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

Product names:

**Air, wind and water barrier membranes
and Vapor control layers**

Site Plants:

Cortaccia (BZ)

[TRASPIR 110- TRASPIR EVO UV 210- CLIMA CONTROL 80- TRASPIR EVO 160- TRASPIR EVO 300- TRASPIR WELD EVO 360- VAPOR 225- TRASPIR NET 160- VAPOR IN GREEN 200]

in compliance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019

Program Operator	EPDIItaly
Publisher	EPDIItaly

Declaration Number	2021M20141
Registration Number	EPDITALY0141

Issue Date	22/07/2021
Valid to	22/07/2026



General information

EPD OWNER:	ROTHO BLAAS SRL
PLANT INVOLVED in the declaration:	ROTHO BLAAS SRL Via dell'Adige N. 2/1 - I-39040. Cortaccia (BZ)
SCOPE OF APPLICATION:	This Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) is valid for Air, wind and water barrier membranes and Vapor control layers designed by Rothoblass in Europe. The type of declaration is related to 9 specific products by Rothoblaas. The life cycle assessment (LCA) is representative for the products introduced in the declaration for the given system boundaries.
PROGRAM OPERATOR:	EPDITALY. via Gaetano De Castillia 10. 20124 Milano. Italia.
INDIPENDENT CHECK:	<p>This declaration has been developed referring to EPDItaly, following the General Program Instruction; further information and the document are available at: www.epditaly.it. This EPD document is valid within the following geographical area: worldwide according to sales market conditions.</p> <p>CEN standard EN 15804 served as the core PCR (PCR ICMQ-001/15 rev 3.0). PCR review was conducted by Michele Paleari. Contact via info@epditaly.it</p> <p>Independent verification of the declaration and data. according to EN ISO 14025:2010.</p> <p>Third party verifier: ICMQ SpA. via De Castillia. 10 20124 Milano (www.icmq.it)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> EPD process certification (Internal) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EPD verification (External)</p> <p><i>Accredited by: Accredia</i></p>
CPC CODE:	3699- Articles of plastics n.e.c.
CORPORATE CONTACT:	info@rothoblaas.com
TECHNICAL SUPPORT:	<p>Sphera https://www.sphera.com</p> 
COMPARABILITY:	Environmental statements published within the same product category, but from different programs, may not be comparable. In particular, EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804+A2.
ACCOUNTABILITY:	ROTHO BLAAS SRL relieves EPDItaly from any non-compliance with environmental legislation. The holder of the declaration will be responsible for the information and supporting evidence;

EPDIItaly declines all responsibility for the manufacturer's information, data and results of the life cycle assessment.

REFERENCE DOCUMENT:	This declaration has been developed following the General Program Instruction document of EPDIItaly, available at www.epditaly.it .
PRODUCT CATEGORY RULES (PCR):	PCR ICMQ-001/15 rev 3.0 EN 15804+A2 is the framework reference for PCRs.

Company



Rothoblaas is a multinational Italian company that has made innovative technology its mission, making its way to the forefront for timber buildings and construction safety in just a few years. Thanks to its comprehensive product range and the technically-prepared and widespread sales network, the company promotes the transfer of its knowhow to the customers and aims to be a prominent and reliable partner in developing and innovating products and building methods. All of this contributes to a new culture of sustainable construction, focused on increasing comfortable living and reducing CO₂ emissions.

ROTHOBLAAS provides a complete range of solutions:



Fixing
systems



Systems for air
sealing and
waterproofing



Noise reduction
systems



Fall Protection
Systems



Machinery and
equipment for
woodworking



Specific, tailored
services and
design support

More information about the product can be found in the product technical sheets (<https://www.rothoblaas.com/>).

Company Certifications

 TÜV NORD

CERTIFICATE

Management system as per
ISO 9001 : 2015

In accordance with TÜV NORD CERT procedures, it is hereby certified that

ROTHO BLAAS S.r.l.
Via dell'Adige, 2/1
39040 Cortaccia (BZ)
Italy

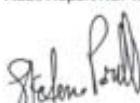

Solutions for Building Technology

applies a management system in line with the above standard for the following scope

Design, production and sale of fastening systems, iron and other metal products, fall protection equipment for height working, building materials, electrical, electronic machines and sale of chemicals; training courses and professional refresher courses. Procedures for conducting weighing activities to determine the <<verified gross container mass>> (VGM) in accordance with Method 2 provided for in the amendments to Chapter VI Regulation 2 of SOLAS 74 as amended.

Certificate Registration No. 44 100 17410004
Audit Report No. 19471/2019

Valid from 08-01-2020
Valid until 07-01-2023
Initial certification 09-01-2008


Ente di Certificazione
del TÜV NORD CERT GmbH

Bologna, 29-01-2021

This certification was conducted in accordance with the TÜV NORD CERT auditing and certification procedures and is subject to regular surveillance audits.

TÜV NORD CERT GmbH

Langemarckstraße 20

45141 Essen

www.tuev-nord-cert.com



Product Certifications

TRASPIR 110:



TRASPIR EVO UV 210:



CLIMA CONTROL 80:



TRASPIR EVO 160:



TRASPIR EVO 300:



TRASPIR WELD EVO 360:



VAPOR 225:



TRASPIR NET 160:



VAPOR IN GREEN 200:



Goal and scope of EPD

The entire life cycle of the product is considered (Type of EPD: cradle to grave) and the modules described below are declared in this EPD:

Modules A1-A3 include processes that provide energy and material input for the product manufacturing, including production wastes (A1), transport up to the Rothoblaas site (A2), wastes processing linked to warehouses activities and additional packaging from Rothoblaas (A3).

Module A4 includes the transport from the Rothoblaas plant to the customer or to the point of product installation.

Module A5 considers all membranes installation steps (including auxiliaries production such as clips or adhesive bands, solvent and electrical consumption) also packaging waste processing (recycling, incineration, disposal). Credits from energy substitution are declared in module D. During this phase a membrane overlap of 10% is considered.

Module B1 considers the use of the installed product. During the use of membranes, a scenario of zero impact is considered.

Module B2 includes the maintenance of the product. A scenario of zero impact is considered.

Modules B3-B4-B5 are related to the repair, replacement and refurbishment of the products. If the products are properly installed no repair, replacement or refurbishment processes are necessary. A scenario of zero impact is then considered.

Modules B6-B7 consider energy use and operational water to operate building integrated technical systems. No operational energy or water use are considered. A scenario of zero impact is then considered.

Module C1 considers deconstruction, including dismantling or demolition of the product from the building site. The energy consumption related to shredding activities is considered.

Module C2 considers transportation of the discarded membrane to a recycling or disposal process.

Module C3 considers waste processing for products recycling and incineration.

Module C4 includes all waste disposal processes, including pre-treatment and management of the disposal site.

Module D includes benefits from all net flows in the end-of-life stage that leave the product boundary system after having passed the end-of-waste stage. Benefits from packaging incineration (electricity and thermal energy) are declared within module D.

PRODUCT STAGE			CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE		USE STAGE							END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

X = modules included in the study

According to the PCR ICMQ-001/15 rev. 3.0. the EPD is based on a “cradle to grave” Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) study.

It is an EPD for 9 membranes products designed by Rothoblaas s.r.l. plant located in Bolzano (BZ) and sold worldwide. All data refer to 2019 production and sales. Modules included are A1. A2. A3. A4. A5. B. C and D. All manufacturing activities and energy production are in A1 as the producer is a supplier. while additional packaging and manufacturing activities linked to warehousing are in module A3. The transport from the supplier to Rothoblaas is in A2. Transport to clients (A4) and installation (A5) are included together with end of life scenarios (benefits and loads included according to D module).

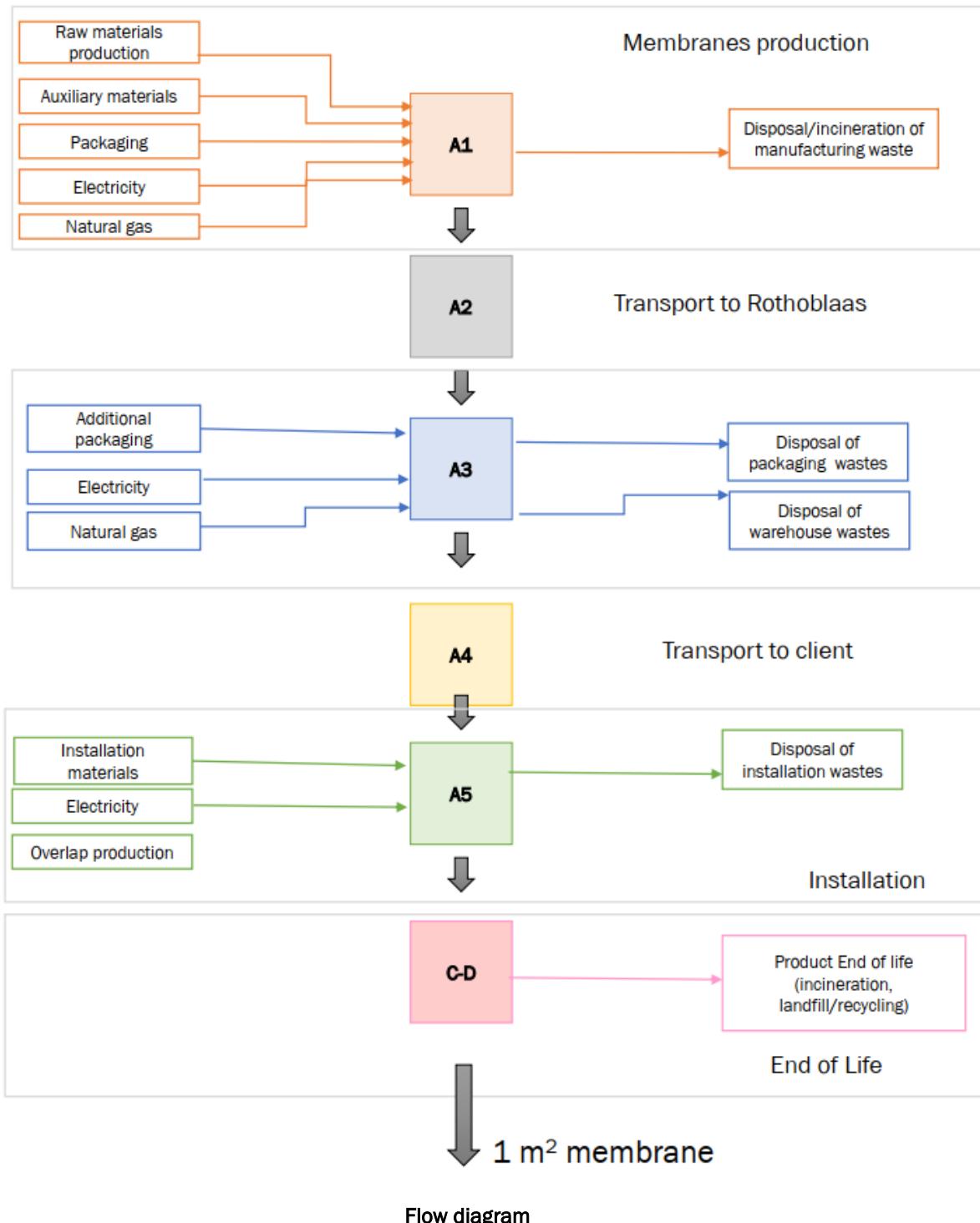
The declaration is 1a (Declaration of a specific product from a manufacturer's plant).

The production facility is in Europe and the distribution is managed by Rothoblaas s.r.l. located in Cortaccia (BZ). The market range is Worldwide.

Geographical validity: Worldwide

Database: GaBi Database DB 2021.1

Software: GaBi professional 10 software.



Flow diagram

Product description

1.1. Detailed product description

TRASPIR 110



TRASPIR EVO UV 210

TRASPIR EVO UV 210

HIGHLY BREATHABLE MONOLITHIC
MEMBRANE RESISTANT TO UV RAYS

MONOLITHIC

The monolithic structure of the membrane guarantees excellent durability over time, thanks to the special polymers used.

B-s1,d0

Flame retardant certification, Euroclass reaction to fire B-s1,d0 based on EN 13501-1.

PERMANENT UV STABILITY

Permanent resistance to UV rays with exposure with open joints up to 50 mm wide, and with up to 40% of the surface uncovered.

COMPOSITION

- top layer
monolithic breathable film
- reinforcing layer
PL fabric



CLIMA CONTROL 80

CLIMA CONTROL 80

MEMBRANE WITH VARIABLE VAPOUR DIFFUSION

VARIABLE DIFFUSION

Variable resistance to vapour diffusion: maximum protection for walls and excellent security in insulation.

TRANSPARENCY

Easy to install thanks to its transparent quality; controls the passage of water vapour based on climate and humidity.

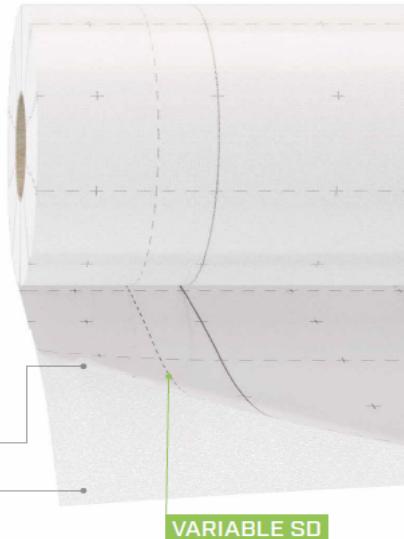
SCIENTIFICALLY TESTED

The product has been researched and tested by external scientific bodies who have also simulated its behaviour in real conditions.

COMPOSITION

top layer
PA functional film

bottom layer
non-woven PP fabric



TRASPIR EVO 160

TRASPIR EVO 160

HIGHLY BREATHABLE MONOLITHIC
MEMBRANE

MONOLITHIC

The monolithic structure of the membrane guarantees excellent durability over time, thanks to the special polymers used.

REACTION TO FIRE B-s1,d2

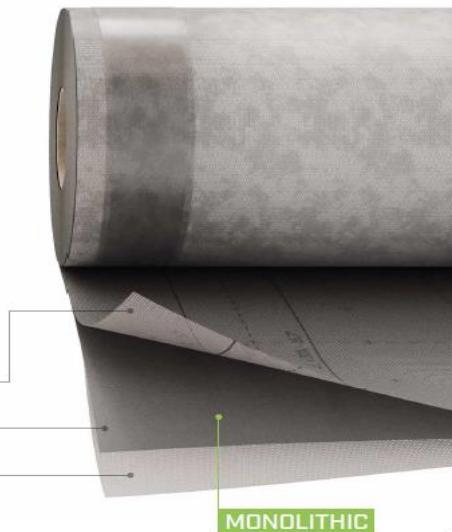
Self-extinguishing membrane which does not spread the flame in case of fire, contributing to the protection of the structure.

HIGH UV STABILITY

It passed the artificial ageing test involving exposure to UV light for 1000 hours.

COMPOSITION

top layer	non-woven PP fabric
middle layer	breathable monolithic TPE film
bottom layer	non-woven PP fabric



TRASPIR EVO 300

TRASPIR EVO 300

HIGHLY BREATHABLE MONOLITHIC
MEMBRANE

MONOLITHIC

The monolithic structure of the membrane guarantees excellent durability over time, thanks to the special polymers used.

9 MONTHS UV STABILITY

9 months resistance to UV rays with full exposure to radiation and no protection. Heat-resistant up to 120 °C.

EXCEPTIONAL TEMPERATURE RESISTANCE

It passed the artificial ageing test involving exposure to UV light for 5000 hours. Heat-resistant up to 120 °C.

COMPOSITION

top layer	breathable monolithic acrylate film
middle layer	PL fabric



TRASPIR WELD EVO 360

TRASPIR WELD EVO 360

WELDABLE MONOLITHIC BREATHABLE
MEMBRANE

MONOLITHIC

The monolithic structure of the membrane guarantees excellent durability over time, thanks to the special polymers used.

DOUBLE PROTECTION

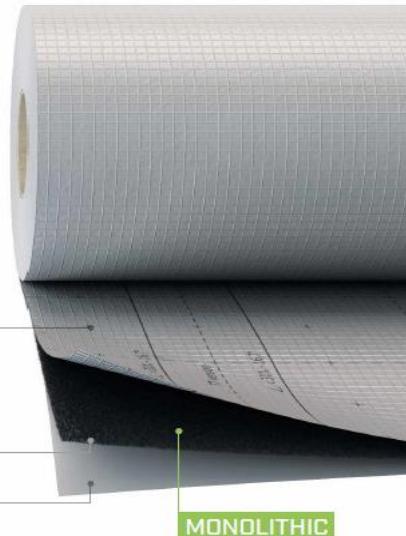
Excellent watertightness; the double external PU layer ensures the highest safety levels.

LOW PITCHES

Thanks to its mass per unit area, the membrane can also be effectively installed on roofs with pitches down to 5°.

COMPOSITION

top layer	breathable monolithic PU film
middle layer	PL fabric
bottom layer	breathable monolithic PU film



VAPOR 225

VAPOR 225

VAPOUR CONTROL MEMBRANE

RELIABLE

The mass per unit area of the membrane provides mechanical strength and protection during construction.

PROTECTION

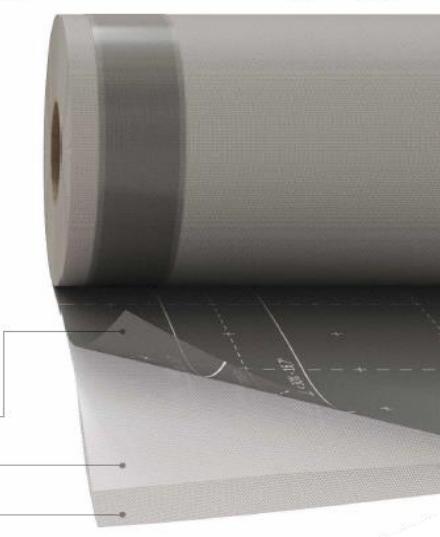
It is also suitable for applications on uneven and rough supports, which could damage lighter vapour control layers.

COST/PERFORMANCE

Cost-effective membrane, ensuring high performance and protection against weathering.

COMPOSITION

top layer	non-woven PP fabric
middle layer	vapour control PP film
bottom layer	non-woven PP fabric



TRASPIR NET 160

TRASPIR NET 160 HIGHLY BREATHABLE MEMBRANE

COMPOSITION

- top layer
non-woven PP fabric
- reinforcing layer
reinforcing PP grid
- middle layer
PP breathable film
- bottom layer
non-woven PP fabric



VAPOR IN GREEN 200

VAPOR IN GREEN 200

VAPOUR CONTROL MEMBRANE BASED
ON NATURAL CELLULOSE

COMPOSITION

- top layer
kraft paper
- reinforcing layer
reinforcing grid
- middle layer
functional film
- bottom layer
kraft paper



1.2. Technical data

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
	TRASPIR 110		TRASPIR EVO UV 210			TRASPIR EVO 160				
Monolithic/Evo		✓	✓				✓			
Microporous/Standard	✓						✓	✓	✓	
Bituminous										
Reinforcing grid						✓		✓	✓	
Variable Sd				✓						
Reflective										
Self-adhesive										
Permanent UV stability		✓			✓					
 Mass per unit area [EN 1849]	g/m2	112	210	80	160	300	360	225	160	200
 Water vapour transmission (Sd) [EN 1931]	m	0,03	0,04	0,15 5	0,1	0,04	0,2	4	0,02	7
 Reaction to fire [EN 13501-1]	steel	E	B-s1,d0	E	B-s1,d2	B-s1,d0	E	E	E	E
 Maximum tensile force MD/CD [EN 12311]	N/50mm	250 165	300 200	120 90	280 220	380 250	420 490	380 300	420 420	250 170
 Elongation MD/CD [EN 12311]	%	50 70	25 25	50 50	50 60	25 25	50 65	60 80	25 20	5 5
 Resistance to nail tearing MD/CD [EN 12310]	N	115 135	120 120	40 40	180 200	160 190	310 280	225 300	390 360	100 130
	internal	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
	external	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓		
	roof	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
	wall	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			
Waste classification (2014/955/EU)		17 02 03	17 02 03	17 02 03	17 02 03	17 02 03	17 02 03	17 02 03	17 02 03	17 09 04

1.3. Products Distribution

Membranes are distributed by Rothoblaas which are sold as individual rolls or whole pallets. Packaging includes polyethylene film and cardboard to protect separate rolls. PET bands and pallets.

The amount of final packaging on Rothoblaas products are the following:

- 66.5% of the times goods are delivered to final client with the same packaging as received from the supplier
- 33.5% of the times rolls are unpacked and sold with the given packaging:
 - o 100% of the original PE film as packaging of the individual roll
 - o Additional PE film and PET strips
 - o Additional wooden pallets.

1.4. Installation

The membranes installation requires the following materials: steel clips and adhesive band on products not having an already adhesive tape on them (so-called “double tape” which is added to the product directly by the manufacturer). Only in case of TWELD products, a specific solvent is used together with a dedicated electrical tool. No water or electrical energy is used to install other products. A 10% overlap is considered in the installation phase.

1.5. Functional unit

The functional unit is defined as 1 m² of membrane as described below.

Functional unit reference flow	Mass [kg/FU]	FU [m ²] ¹	Conversion factor di 1 kg	Dangerous materials
TRASPIR 110	0.112	1	8.9	The product does not contain any substances included in the “Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization” compliant with /REACH/ and with EC 1272/2008
TRASPIR EVO UV 210	0.245	1	4.1	
CLIMA CONTROL 80	0.100	1	10	
TRASPIR EVO 160	0.187	1	5.3	
TRASPIR EVO 300	0.335	1	3	
TRASPIR WELD EVO 360	0.378	1	2.6	
VAPOR 225	0.252	1	4	
TRASPIR NET 160	0.171	1	5.8	
VAPOR IN GREEN 200	0.211	1	4.7	

The grammage varies from 100 g/m² to 360g/m² depending on the product.

¹ Functional unit does not include packaging.
Rotho Blaas Srl

Condition of use:

Operational use falls outside the system boundaries of this LCA project. hence. it is not relevant for the EPD. Maintenance is not needed for the membranes product and they are generally replaced at the building end of life. A general scenario of zero impact for membranes is considered.

Reference service life

Membranes are regarded as having 50 years Reference service life (RLS) independent of their material as we assume same service life as the building.

1.6. End of life

After the demolition and deconstruction phase. according to Building & Construction wastes statistics. membranes can be incinerated. sent to landfill or recycled.

LCA results – Environmental impact per functional unit

The tables below show the results of the Air, wind and water barrier membranes and Vapor control layers LCA study (Life Cycle Assessment).

Additional environmental impact indicators are not declared according to EN 15804 + A2 chapter 7.2.3.2.

Table 1 Environmental impacts: 1 m² TRASPIR 110

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP total	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	2.91E-01	6.88E-03	9.83E-04	1.89E-02	8.84E-02	0	1.25E-03	3.13E-03	6.43E-02	6.43E-03	-5.70E-02
GWP fossil	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	3.11E-01	6.82E-03	9.68E-04	1.88E-02	6.10E-02	0	1.24E-03	3.11E-03	6.43E-02	6.49E-03	-5.67E-02
GWP biogenic	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	-2.05E-02	0	1.49E-05	0	2.73E-02	0	1.06E-05	0	4.17E-05	-6.74E-05	-2.74E-04
GWP luluc	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	1.49E-04	5.56E-05	5.17E-07	1.02E-04	2.95E-05	0	1.76E-06	2.55E-05	3.18E-06	5.41E-06	-2.79E-05
ODP	[kg CFC-11-eq.]	2.65E-15	1.34E-18	2.68E-18	3.11E-18	3.24E-16	0	2.97E-17	3.98E-19	5.02E-17	1.56E-17	-4.38E-16
AP	[mole of H ⁺ -eq.]	5.42E-04	2.19E-05	1.91E-06	2.84E-04	1.24E-04	0	2.58E-06	8.82E-06	1.11E-05	1.94E-05	-8.90E-05
EP - freshwater	[kg P eq.]	4.69E-07	2.02E-08	2.93E-09	3.84E-08	2.50E-07	0	3.33E-09	9.25E-09	3.15E-08	1.20E-06	-6.65E-08
EP - marine	[kg N eq.]	1.49E-04	1.00E-05	5.50E-07	8.12E-05	3.03E-05	0	6.14E-07	3.97E-06	2.80E-06	4.46E-06	-2.38E-05
EP - terrestrial	[mole of N eq.]	1.59E-03	1.12E-04	5.92E-06	8.93E-04	3.23E-04	0	6.44E-06	4.47E-05	4.36E-05	4.84E-05	-2.55E-04
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	6.10E-04	1.98E-05	1.88E-06	2.11E-04	1.30E-04	0	1.66E-06	7.88E-06	7.74E-06	1.41E-05	-8.49E-05
ADPF	[MJ]	1.02E01	9.06E-02	7.61E-03	2.42E-01	1.79E00	0	2.21E-02	4.15E-02	6.29E-02	9.43E-02	-1.42E00
ADPE	[kg Sb eq.]	5.16E-08	6.03E-10	2.85E-08	1.29E-09	2.52E-08	0	3.65E-10	2.37E-10	6.98E-10	4.45E-10	-8.15E-09
WDP	[m ³ world eq.]	3.88E-02	6.31E-05	8.29E-05	1.25E-04	9.25E-03	0	1.99E-04	2.71E-05	6.00E-03	-7.81E-05	-6.65E-03

Caption	GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources
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Table 2: Environmental impacts: 1 m² TRASPIR EVO UV 210

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP total	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	1.33E00	1.39E-02	2.15E-03	3.71E-02	1.77E-01	0	2.73E-03	6.83E-03	1.14E-01	1.58E-02	-9.63E-02
GWP fossil	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	1.35E00	1.38E-02	2.11E-03	3.69E-02	1.52E-01	0	2.71E-03	6.78E-03	1.14E-01	1.59E-02	-9.57E-02
GWP biogenic	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	-1.71E-02	0	3.25E-05	0	2.53E-02	0	2.30E-05	0	1.31E-04	-5.97E-05	-4.91E-04
GWP luluc	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	4.24E-04	1.13E-04	1.13E-06	2.32E-04	6.39E-05	0	3.83E-06	5.57E-05	1.07E-05	9.01E-06	-5.79E-05
ODP	[kg CFC-11-eq.]	5.63E-15	2.72E-18	5.84E-18	6.47E-18	5.97E-16	0	6.48E-17	8.69E-19	1.60E-16	2.45E-17	-8.02E-16
AP	[mole of H ⁺ -eq.]	1.93E-02	4.44E-05	4.18E-06	4.25E-04	1.98E-03	0	5.64E-06	1.92E-05	4.08E-05	4.12E-05	-1.20E-04
EP - freshwater	[kg P eq.]	2.22E-06	4.09E-08	6.38E-09	8.61E-08	6.45E-07	0	7.27E-09	2.02E-08	1.01E-07	2.88E-06	-1.36E-07
EP - marine	[kg N eq.]	6.57E-04	2.03E-05	1.20E-06	1.28E-04	8.02E-05	0	1.34E-06	8.67E-06	1.37E-05	2.58E-05	-3.38E-05
EP - terrestrial	[mole of N eq.]	7.80E-03	2.27E-04	1.29E-05	1.42E-03	9.16E-04	0	1.41E-05	9.75E-05	1.60E-04	1.32E-04	-3.65E-04
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	3.41E-03	4.01E-05	4.11E-06	3.22E-04	4.01E-04	0	3.63E-06	1.72E-05	3.60E-05	4.23E-05	-1.07E-04
ADPF	[MJ]	2.66E01	1.84E-01	1.66E-02	4.81E-01	3.13E00	0	4.82E-02	9.05E-02	2.01E-01	1.46E-01	-2.04E00
ADPE	[kg Sb eq.]	2.62E-02	1.22E-09	6.23E-08	2.77E-09	2.62E-03	0	7.97E-10	5.18E-10	2.22E-09	6.96E-10	-1.44E-08
WDP	[m ³ world eq.]	1.73E-01	1.28E-04	1.81E-04	2.76E-04	2.32E-02	0	4.35E-04	5.91E-05	1.17E-02	2.80E-04	-4.64E-03

Caption	GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources
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Table 3 - Environmental impacts: 1 m² CLIMA CONTROL 80

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP total	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	7.12E-01	6.24E-03	8.78E-04	1.77E-02	1.30E-01	0	1.12E-03	2.79E-03	5.60E-02	6.20E-03	-8.71E-02
GWP fossil	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	7.30E-01	6.19E-03	8.64E-04	1.76E-02	1.03E-01	0	1.11E-03	2.78E-03	5.60E-02	6.24E-03	-8.66E-02
GWP biogenic	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	-1.74E-02	0	1.33E-05	0	2.75E-02	0	9.42E-06	0	3.43E-05	-4.43E-05	-5.00E-04
GWP luluc	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	2.80E-04	5.04E-05	4.61E-07	1.00E-04	4.19E-05	0	1.57E-06	2.28E-05	2.84E-06	4.39E-06	-3.55E-05
ODP	[kg CFC-11-eq.]	3.51E-15	1.22E-18	2.39E-18	2.97E-18	4.16E-16	0	2.65E-17	3.55E-19	4.03E-17	1.24E-17	-4.88E-16
AP	[mole of H ⁺ -eq.]	1.16E-03	1.99E-05	1.71E-06	2.47E-04	1.92E-04	0	2.31E-06	7.87E-06	6.08E-05	1.75E-05	-1.10E-04
EP - freshwater	[kg P eq.]	9.17E-07	1.83E-08	2.61E-09	3.76E-08	2.90E-07	0	2.97E-09	8.26E-09	5.95E-08	1.14E-06	-8.54E-08
EP - marine	[kg N eq.]	3.12E-04	9.11E-06	4.91E-07	7.17E-05	4.96E-05	0	5.48E-07	3.55E-06	2.83E-05	7.20E-06	-3.42E-05
EP - terrestrial	[mole of N eq.]	3.00E-03	1.02E-04	5.28E-06	7.89E-04	4.94E-04	0	5.75E-06	3.99E-05	3.21E-04	4.93E-05	-3.27E-04
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	9.32E-04	1.80E-05	1.68E-06	1.84E-04	1.69E-04	0	1.49E-06	7.03E-06	7.25E-05	1.51E-05	-9.71E-05
ADPF	[MJ]	1.43E01	8.22E-02	6.79E-03	2.28E-01	2.21E00	0	1.97E-02	3.70E-02	8.70E-02	7.43E-02	-1.61E00
ADPE	[kg Sb eq.]	1.53E-05	5.47E-10	2.55E-08	1.25E-09	1.55E-06	0	3.26E-10	2.12E-10	1.11E-09	3.52E-10	-1.10E-08
WDP	[m ³ world eq.]	6.77E-03	5.73E-05	7.40E-05	1.22E-04	6.10E-03	0	1.78E-04	2.42E-05	5.90E-03	1.69E-05	-1.93E-03

Caption

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

Table 4 - Environmental impacts: 1 m² TRASPIR EVO 160

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP total	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	6.12E-01	1.04E-02	1.64E-03	2.44E-02	8.41E-02	0	2.09E-03	5.22E-03	9.89E-02	9.53E-03	-1.08E-01
GWP fossil	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	6.21E-01	1.04E-02	1.61E-03	2.43E-02	7.22E-02	0	2.07E-03	5.18E-03	9.88E-02	9.60E-03	-1.08E-01
GWP biogenic	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	-9.14E-03	0	2.48E-05	0	1.19E-02	0	1.76E-05	0	1.15E-04	-7.65E-05	-5.30E-04
GWP luluc	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	3.52E-04	8.45E-05	8.61E-07	1.57E-04	4.70E-05	0	2.93E-06	4.25E-05	8.67E-06	7.08E-06	-5.24E-05
ODP	[kg CFC-11-eq.]	4.58E-15	2.04E-18	4.46E-18	4.31E-18	4.58E-16	0	4.95E-17	6.64E-19	1.36E-16	2.01E-17	-7.44E-16
AP	[mole of H ⁺ -eq.]	1.21E-03	3.34E-05	3.19E-06	2.59E-04	1.29E-04	0	4.30E-06	1.47E-05	2.53E-05	2.74E-05	-1.62E-04
EP - freshwater	[kg P eq.]	1.05E-06	3.07E-08	4.87E-09	5.82E-08	3.63E-07	0	5.55E-09	1.54E-08	8.71E-08	1.76E-06	-1.35E-07
EP - marine	[kg N eq.]	2.83E-04	1.53E-05	9.16E-07	7.95E-05	3.18E-05	0	1.02E-06	6.62E-06	7.25E-06	9.89E-06	-4.33E-05
EP - terrestrial	[mole of N eq.]	3.09E-03	1.70E-04	9.87E-06	8.78E-04	3.44E-04	0	1.07E-05	7.45E-05	9.40E-05	7.47E-05	-4.65E-04
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	1.08E-03	3.01E-05	3.14E-06	1.97E-04	1.17E-04	0	2.77E-06	1.31E-05	1.94E-05	2.26E-05	-1.56E-04
ADPF	[MJ]	1.72E01	1.38E-01	1.27E-02	3.17E-01	1.73E00	0	3.68E-02	6.91E-02	1.68E-01	1.21E-01	-2.76E00
ADPE	[kg Sb eq.]	1.53E-05	9.16E-10	4.76E-08	1.85E-09	1.55E-06	0	6.09E-10	3.95E-10	1.87E-09	5.72E-10	-1.51E-08
WDP	[m ³ world eq.]	5.85E-02	9.59E-05	1.38E-04	1.86E-04	6.94E-03	0	3.32E-04	4.51E-05	9.43E-03	-1.16E-05	-1.03E-02

Caption

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

Table 5 - Environmental impacts: 1 m² TRASPIR EVO 300

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP total	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	1.76E00	1.87E-02	2.93E-03	3.55E-02	1.90E-01	0	3.74E-03	9.34E-03	8.70E-02	2.35E-02	-1.24E-01
GWP fossil	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	1.78E00	1.86E-02	2.89E-03	3.53E-02	1.72E-01	0	3.70E-03	9.27E-03	8.68E-02	2.36E-02	-1.23E-01
GWP biogenic	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	-1.61E-02	0	4.44E-05	0	1.73E-02	0	3.15E-05	0	2.41E-04	-7.43E-05	-6.46E-04
GWP luluc	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	5.72E-04	1.51E-04	1.54E-06	2.47E-04	7.73E-05	0	5.24E-06	7.61E-05	1.80E-05	1.28E-05	-7.25E-05
ODP	[kg CFC-11-eq.]	7.22E-15	3.65E-18	7.99E-18	6.48E-18	7.16E-16	0	8.86E-17	1.19E-18	2.83E-16	3.46E-17	-9.24E-16
AP	[mole of H ⁺ -eq.]	3.02E-02	5.97E-05	5.71E-06	3.01E-04	3.02E-03	0	7.70E-06	2.63E-05	4.42E-05	6.04E-05	-1.54E-04
EP - freshwater	[kg P eq.]	2.79E-06	5.50E-08	8.73E-09	9.07E-08	8.87E-07	0	9.93E-09	2.76E-08	1.85E-07	4.27E-06	-1.83E-07
EP - marine	[kg N eq.]	9.04E-04	2.73E-05	1.64E-06	9.81E-05	9.55E-05	0	1.83E-06	1.18E-05	1.39E-05	4.04E-05	-4.29E-05
EP - terrestrial	[mole of N eq.]	1.09E-02	3.05E-04	1.77E-05	1.08E-03	1.11E-03	0	1.92E-05	1.33E-04	1.54E-04	1.98E-04	-4.64E-04
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	4.82E-03	5.39E-05	5.61E-06	2.34E-04	4.90E-04	0	4.97E-06	2.35E-05	3.63E-05	6.39E-05	-1.41E-04
ADPF	[MJ]	3.42E01	2.46E-01	2.27E-02	4.64E-01	3.18E00	0	6.59E-02	1.24E-01	3.46E-01	2.06E-01	-2.80E00
ADPE	[kg Sb eq.]	4.19E-02	1.64E-09	8.51E-08	2.83E-09	4.19E-03	0	1.09E-09	7.08E-10	3.88E-09	9.81E-10	-1.81E-08
WDP	[m ³ world eq.]	2.46E-01	1.72E-04	2.47E-04	2.88E-04	2.56E-02	0	5.94E-04	8.07E-05	8.96E-03	4.82E-04	-4.84E-03

Caption

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

Table 6 - Environmental impacts: 1 m² TRASPIR WELD EVO 360

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP total	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	1.54E00	2.09E-02	3.30E-03	5.57E-02	2.17E-01	0	4.22E-03	1.05E-02	4.01E-02	2.57E-02	-7.53E-02
GWP fossil	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	1.56E00	2.08E-02	3.25E-03	5.55E-02	1.79E-01	0	4.18E-03	1.05E-02	4.01E-02	2.60E-02	-7.50E-02
GWP biogenic	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	-1.53E-02	0	5.01E-05	0	3.79E-02	0	3.55E-05	0	6.56E-05	-2.49E-04	-3.13E-04
GWP luluc	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	9.09E-04	1.69E-04	1.74E-06	2.21E-04	1.21E-04	0	5.91E-06	8.59E-05	5.56E-06	2.08E-05	-5.11E-05
ODP	[kg CFC-11-eq.]	8.78E-15	4.09E-18	9.00E-18	8.26E-18	9.66E-16	0	1.00E-16	1.34E-18	8.22E-17	5.98E-17	-5.04E-16
AP	[mole of H ⁺ -eq.]	2.72E-03	6.68E-05	6.43E-06	1.18E-03	3.30E-04	0	8.69E-06	2.97E-05	1.28E-05	7.65E-05	-1.11E-04
EP - freshwater	[kg P eq.]	5.65E-06	6.16E-08	9.83E-09	8.66E-08	1.16E-06	0	1.12E-08	3.11E-08	5.02E-08	4.79E-06	-1.96E-07
EP - marine	[kg N eq.]	7.80E-04	3.06E-05	1.85E-06	3.20E-04	9.33E-05	0	2.06E-06	1.34E-05	3.60E-06	2.08E-05	-3.35E-05
EP - terrestrial	[mole of N eq.]	8.39E-03	3.42E-04	1.99E-05	3.51E-03	9.98E-04	0	2.17E-05	1.50E-04	4.61E-05	1.97E-04	-3.57E-04
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	3.27E-03	6.03E-05	6.32E-06	8.60E-04	3.85E-04	0	5.60E-06	2.65E-05	9.56E-06	5.81E-05	-1.12E-04
ADPF	[MJ]	3.69E01	2.76E-01	2.56E-02	7.04E-01	4.23E00	0	7.43E-02	1.40E-01	9.79E-02	3.61E-01	-1.68E00
ADPE	[kg Sb eq.]	1.54E-05	1.84E-09	9.59E-08	3.25E-09	1.57E-06	0	1.23E-09	7.98E-10	1.13E-09	1.70E-09	-1.04E-08
WDP	[m ³ world eq.]	2.94E-01	1.92E-04	2.78E-04	2.94E-04	3.25E-02	0	6.70E-04	9.11E-05	3.94E-03	-2.19E-04	-9.47E-03

Caption

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

Table 7 - Environmental impacts: 1 m² VAPOR 225

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP total	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	6.70E-01	1.43E-02	2.21E-03	2.34E-02	9.20E-02	0	2.81E-03	7.03E-03	9.54E-02	1.24E-02	-1.39E-01
GWP fossil	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	6.88E-01	1.42E-02	2.17E-03	2.33E-02	8.05E-02	0	2.79E-03	6.98E-03	9.52E-02	1.25E-02	-1.38E-01
GWP biogenic	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	-1.82E-02	0	3.34E-05	0	1.14E-02	0	2.37E-05	0	2.17E-04	-1.07E-04	-6.62E-04
GWP luluc	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	3.70E-04	1.16E-04	1.16E-06	1.90E-04	5.30E-05	0	3.94E-06	5.73E-05	1.65E-05	9.53E-06	-4.40E-05
ODP	[kg CFC-11-eq.]	4.49E-15	2.79E-18	6.01E-18	4.59E-18	4.67E-16	0	6.67E-17	8.94E-19	2.57E-16	2.72E-17	-6.18E-16
AP	[mole of H ⁺ -eq.]	1.47E-03	4.56E-05	4.30E-06	8.04E-05	1.62E-04	0	5.80E-06	1.98E-05	3.67E-05	3.61E-05	-2.52E-04
EP - freshwater	[kg P eq.]	1.10E-06	4.20E-08	6.57E-09	6.91E-08	4.68E-07	0	7.47E-09	2.08E-08	1.66E-07	2.30E-06	-1.50E-07
EP - marine	[kg N eq.]	3.56E-04	2.09E-05	1.23E-06	3.71E-05	4.08E-05	0	1.38E-06	8.92E-06	1.04E-05	1.19E-05	-6.46E-05
EP - terrestrial	[mole of N eq.]	3.90E-03	2.33E-04	1.33E-05	4.14E-04	4.44E-04	0	1.45E-05	1.00E-04	1.25E-04	9.65E-05	-7.02E-04
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	1.42E-03	4.12E-05	4.23E-06	7.25E-05	1.57E-04	0	3.74E-06	1.77E-05	2.76E-05	2.90E-05	-2.62E-04
ADPF	[MJ]	2.19E01	1.88E-01	1.71E-02	3.10E-01	2.25E00	0	4.96E-02	9.31E-02	3.11E-01	1.64E-01	-4.46E00
ADPE	[kg Sb eq.]	1.53E-05	1.25E-09	6.41E-08	2.06E-09	1.55E-06	0	8.20E-10	5.33E-10	3.53E-09	7.74E-10	-1.75E-08
WDP	[m ³ world eq.]	9.99E-02	1.31E-04	1.86E-04	2.16E-04	1.10E-02	0	4.47E-04	6.08E-05	9.39E-03	-4.82E-05	-2.15E-02

Caption	GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources WDP=Water (user) deprivation potential. deprivation-weighted water consumption
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Table 8 - Environmental impacts: 1 m² TRASPIR NET 160

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP total	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	4.59E-01	1.00E-02	1.50E-03	2.76E-02	9.15E-02	0	1.91E-03	4.77E-03	2.03E-02	1.29E-02	-1.75E-02
GWP fossil	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	4.78E-01	9.93E-03	1.48E-03	2.75E-02	5.47E-02	0	1.89E-03	4.74E-03	2.02E-02	1.30E-02	-1.74E-02
GWP biogenic	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	-1.88E-02	0	2.27E-05	0	3.68E-02	0	1.61E-05	0	1.15E-05	-1.01E-04	-9.19E-05
GWP luluc	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	2.50E-04	8.09E-05	7.87E-07	9.99E-05	3.67E-05	0	2.68E-06	3.89E-05	9.20E-07	9.45E-06	-1.08E-05
ODP	[kg CFC-11-eq.]	3.85E-15	1.95E-18	4.08E-18	3.98E-18	4.08E-16	0	4.53E-17	6.07E-19	1.41E-17	2.68E-17	-1.75E-16
AP	[mole of H ⁺ -eq.]	9.94E-04	3.19E-05	2.92E-06	6.28E-04	1.17E-04	0	3.94E-06	1.34E-05	3.86E-06	3.68E-05	-2.70E-05
EP - freshwater	[kg P eq.]	8.81E-07	2.94E-08	4.46E-09	3.96E-08	4.02E-07	0	5.07E-09	1.41E-08	8.60E-09	2.38E-06	-2.36E-08
EP - marine	[kg N eq.]	2.27E-04	1.46E-05	8.38E-07	1.68E-04	2.89E-05	0	9.35E-07	6.05E-06	1.06E-06	1.37E-05	-7.24E-06
EP - terrestrial	[mole of N eq.]	2.47E-03	1.63E-04	9.02E-06	1.85E-03	3.05E-04	0	9.82E-06	6.81E-05	1.56E-05	1.01E-04	-7.74E-05
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	9.19E-04	2.88E-05	2.87E-06	4.56E-04	1.13E-04	0	2.54E-06	1.20E-05	2.90E-06	3.07E-05	-2.41E-05
ADPF	[MJ]	1.50E01	1.32E-01	1.16E-02	3.48E-01	1.57E00	0	3.37E-02	6.32E-02	1.78E-02	1.61E-01	-4.02E-01
ADPE	[kg Sb eq.]	1.53E-05	8.77E-10	4.35E-08	1.54E-09	1.55E-06	0	5.57E-10	3.62E-10	1.96E-10	7.63E-10	-2.86E-09
WDP	[m ³ world eq.]	4.94E-02	9.18E-05	1.26E-04	1.37E-04	5.42E-03	0	3.04E-04	4.13E-05	1.93E-03	-3.62E-06	-1.98E-03

Caption	GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources WDP=Water (user) deprivation potential. deprivation-weighted water consumption
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Table 9 - Environmental impacts: 1 m² LCA VAPOR IN GREEN 200

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP total	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	2.24E-01	1.17E-02	1.85E-03	3.16E-02	7.05E-02	0	2.36E-03	5.89E-03	9.33E-02	8.52E-03	-4.22E-02
GWP fossil	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	4.02E-01	1.16E-02	1.82E-03	3.14E-02	7.32E-02	0	2.33E-03	5.85E-03	9.32E-02	8.55E-03	-4.20E-02
GWP biogenic	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	-1.78E-01	0	2.80E-05	0	-2.82E-03	0	1.98E-05	0	6.80E-05	-4.10E-05	-2.14E-04
GWP luluc	[kg CO ₂ -eq.]	4.17E-04	9.48E-05	9.71E-07	2.05E-04	6.17E-05	0	3.30E-06	4.80E-05	6.87E-06	6.35E-06	-2.62E-05
ODP	[kg CFC-11-eq.]	1.13E-12	2.29E-18	5.04E-18	5.60E-18	1.13E-13	0	5.59E-17	7.49E-19	8.93E-17	1.36E-17	-4.27E-16
AP	[mole of H ⁺ -eq.]	9.89E-04	3.74E-05	3.60E-06	3.28E-04	1.72E-04	0	4.86E-06	1.66E-05	4.29E-05	2.53E-05	-5.98E-05
EP - freshwater	[kg P eq.]	2.79E-06	3.45E-08	5.50E-09	7.59E-08	5.08E-07	0	6.26E-09	1.74E-08	5.31E-08	1.39E-06	-5.44E-08
EP - marine	[kg N eq.]	2.74E-04	1.71E-05	1.03E-06	1.01E-04	4.55E-05	0	1.15E-06	7.47E-06	1.56E-05	1.59E-05	-1.67E-05
EP - terrestrial	[mole of N eq.]	2.84E-03	1.91E-04	1.11E-05	1.12E-03	4.67E-04	0	1.21E-05	8.40E-05	1.80E-04	8.30E-05	-1.79E-04
POCP	[kg NMVOC eq.]	9.05E-04	3.38E-05	3.54E-06	2.51E-04	1.61E-04	0	3.13E-06	1.48E-05	4.09E-05	2.62E-05	-5.18E-05
ADPF	[MJ]	1.07E01	1.54E-01	1.43E-02	4.11E-01	1.84E00	0	4.15E-02	7.80E-02	1.18E-01	7.22E-02	-8.85E-01
ADPE	[kg Sb eq.]	1.53E-05	1.03E-09	5.37E-08	2.41E-09	1.55E-06	0	6.87E-10	4.46E-10	1.26E-09	3.71E-10	-6.80E-09
WDP	[m ³ world eq.]	2.26E-02	1.08E-04	1.56E-04	2.42E-04	8.13E-03	0	3.74E-04	5.09E-05	1.07E-02	2.83E-04	-4.08E-03

Caption	GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources WDP=Water (user) deprivation potential. deprivation-weighted water consumption
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LCA results – Resource use per functional unit

Table 10 - Resource use: 1 m² TRASPIR 110

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	5.37E-01	5.21E-03	-5.34E-05	9.80E-03	9.57E-02	0	1.02E-02	2.32E-03	1.70E-02	6.85E-03	-1.51E-01
PERM	[MJ]	2.48E-01	0	1.21E-02	0	1.03E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	[MJ]	7.85E-01	5.21E-03	1.20E-02	9.80E-03	1.06E-01	0	1.02E-02	2.32E-03	1.70E-02	6.85E-03	-1.51E-01
PENRE	[MJ]	4.65E00	9.09E-02	5.60E-03	2.43E-01	9.15E-01	0	2.21E-02	4.15E-02	8.42E-01	9.43E-02	-1.42E00
PENRM	[MJ]	5.60E00	0	2.02E-03	0	8.77E-01	0	0	0	-7.79E-01	0	0
PENRT	[MJ]	1.02E01	9.09E-02	7.61E-03	2.43E-01	1.79E00	0	2.21E-02	4.15E-02	6.29E-02	9.43E-02	-1.42E00
SM	[kg]	3.08E-03	0	0	0	3.85E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF*	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF*	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	[kg]	1.46E-03	5.97E-06	2.48E-06	1.14E-05	2.74E-04	0	9.91E-06	2.65E-06	1.49E-04	9.07E-07	-2.34E-04

Caption

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

* Reference to only foreground system

Table 11 - Resource use: 1 m² TRASPIR EVO UV 210

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	1.39E00	1.06E-02	-1.17E-04	2.21E-02	1.86E-01	0	2.22E-02	5.05E-03	5.40E-02	1.08E-02	-2.39E-01
PERM	[MJ]	2.48E-01	0	2.64E-02	0	5.02E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	[MJ]	1.64E00	1.06E-02	2.62E-02	2.21E-02	1.91E-01	0	2.22E-02	5.05E-03	5.40E-02	1.08E-02	-2.39E-01
PENRE	[MJ]	1.98E01	1.84E-01	1.22E-02	4.83E-01	2.17E00	0	4.82E-02	9.07E-02	1.28E00	1.46E-01	-2.04E00
PENRM	[MJ]	6.95E00	0	4.40E-03	0	9.78E-01	0	0	0	-1.08E00	0	0
PENRT	[MJ]	2.68E01	1.84E-01	1.66E-02	4.83E-01	3.14E00	0	4.82E-02	9.07E-02	2.01E-01	1.46E-01	-2.04E00
SM	[kg]	3.08E-03	0	0	0	3.85E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF*	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF*	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	[kg]	5.88E-03	1.21E-05	5.42E-06	2.54E-05	7.10E-04	0	2.16E-05	5.78E-06	3.01E-04	1.08E-05	-5.36E-04

Caption

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

* Reference to only foreground system

Table 12 - Resource use: 1 m² CLIMA CONTROL 80

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	6.97E-01	4.73E-03	-4.77E-05	9.61E-03	1.18E-01	0	9.08E-03	2.07E-03	1.55E-02	5.43E-03	-1.50E-01
PERM	[MJ]	2.48E-01	0	1.08E-02	0	4.58E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	[MJ]	9.44E-01	4.73E-03	1.07E-02	9.61E-03	1.22E-01	0	9.08E-03	2.07E-03	1.55E-02	5.43E-03	-1.50E-01
PENRE	[MJ]	1.05E01	8.25E-02	5.00E-03	2.29E-01	1.49E00	0	1.97E-02	3.71E-02	6.86E-01	7.43E-02	-1.61E00
PENRM	[MJ]	3.80E00	0	1.80E-03	0	7.16E-01	0	0	0	-5.99E-01	0	0
PENRT	[MJ]	1.43E01	8.25E-02	6.80E-03	2.29E-01	2.21E00	0	1.97E-02	3.71E-02	8.70E-02	7.43E-02	-1.61E00
SM	[kg]	3.08E-03	0	0	0	3.85E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF*	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF*	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	[kg]	1.73E-03	5.42E-06	2.22E-06	1.11E-05	3.06E-04	0	8.84E-06	2.37E-06	1.45E-04	2.56E-06	-2.09E-04

Caption

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

* Reference to only foreground system

Table 13 - Resource use: 1 m² TRASPIR EVO 160

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	9.88E-01	7.92E-03	-8.90E-05	1.49E-02	1.13E-01	0	1.70E-02	3.86E-03	4.62E-02	8.82E-03	-2.37E-01
PERM	[MJ]	1.38E-01	0	2.01E-02	0	6.51E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	[MJ]	1.13E00	7.92E-03	2.00E-02	1.49E-02	1.19E-01	0	1.70E-02	3.86E-03	4.62E-02	8.82E-03	-2.37E-01
PENRE	[MJ]	9.91E00	1.38E-01	9.33E-03	3.18E-01	1.12E00	0	3.68E-02	6.92E-02	1.26E00	1.21E-01	-2.76E00
PENRM	[MJ]	7.28E00	0	3.36E-03	0	6.06E-01	0	0	0	-1.09E00	0	0
PENRT	[MJ]	1.72E01	1.38E-01	1.27E-02	3.18E-01	1.73E00	0	3.68E-02	6.92E-02	1.68E-01	1.21E-01	-2.76E00
SM	[kg]	3.08E-03	0	0	0	3.85E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF*	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF*	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	[kg]	3.37E-03	9.08E-06	4.14E-06	1.72E-05	3.55E-04	0	1.65E-05	4.42E-06	2.44E-04	3.24E-06	-5.33E-04

Caption

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

* Reference to only foreground system

Table 14- Resource use: 1 m² TRASPIR EVO 300

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	1.86E00	1.42E-02	-1.59E-04	2.33E-02	2.00E-01	0	3.04E-02	6.91E-03	9.60E-02	1.52E-02	-2.54E-01
PERM	[MJ]	2.48E-01	0	3.60E-02	0	2.13E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	[MJ]	2.11E00	1.42E-02	3.59E-02	2.33E-02	2.21E-01	0	3.04E-02	6.91E-03	9.60E-02	1.52E-02	-2.54E-01
PENRE	[MJ]	2.53E01	2.47E-01	1.67E-02	4.66E-01	2.36E00	0	6.59E-02	1.24E-01	8.42E-01	2.06E-01	-2.80E00
PENRM	[MJ]	9.12E00	0	6.02E-03	0	8.39E-01	0	0	0	-4.96E-01	0	0
PENRT	[MJ]	3.44E01	2.47E-01	2.27E-02	4.66E-01	3.20E00	0	6.59E-02	1.24E-01	3.46E-01	2.06E-01	-2.80E00
SM	[kg]	3.08E-03	0	0	0	3.85E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF*	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF*	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	[kg]	8.08E-03	1.62E-05	7.40E-06	2.68E-05	8.16E-04	0	2.96E-05	7.91E-06	2.59E-04	1.73E-05	-7.80E-04

Caption

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

* Reference to only foreground system

Table 15 - Resource use: 1 m² TRASPIR WELD EVO 360

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	2.42E00	1.59E-02	-1.80E-04	2.19E-02	2.82E-01	0	3.42E-02	7.79E-03	2.72E-02	2.62E-02	-1.57E-01
PERM	[MJ]	2.46E-01	0	4.06E-02	0	2.53E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	[MJ]	2.67E00	1.59E-02	4.04E-02	2.19E-02	3.08E-01	0	3.42E-02	7.79E-03	2.72E-02	2.62E-02	-1.57E-01
PENRE	[MJ]	2.41E01	2.77E-01	1.88E-02	7.06E-01	2.79E00	0	7.43E-02	1.40E-01	5.56E-01	3.61E-01	-1.68E00
PENRM	[MJ]	1.29E01	0	6.78E-03	0	1.44E00	0	0	0	-4.59E-01	0	0
PENRT	[MJ]	3.70E01	2.77E-01	2.56E-02	7.06E-01	4.23E00	0	7.43E-02	1.40E-01	9.79E-02	3.61E-01	-1.68E00
SM	[kg]	3.01E-03	0	0	0	3.78E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF*	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF*	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	[kg]	8.62E-03	1.82E-05	8.34E-06	2.56E-05	9.43E-04	0	3.33E-05	8.92E-06	1.06E-04	5.34E-06	-4.62E-04

Caption

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

* Reference to only foreground system

Table 16 - Resource use: 1 m² VAPOR 225

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	1.02E00	1.08E-02	-1.20E-04	1.78E-02	1.18E-01	0	2.28E-02	5.20E-03	8.69E-02	1.19E-02	-2.14E-01
PERM	[MJ]	2.48E-01	0	2.71E-02	0	2.03E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	[MJ]	1.27E00	1.08E-02	2.70E-02	1.78E-02	1.39E-01	0	2.28E-02	5.20E-03	8.69E-02	1.19E-02	-2.14E-01
PENRE	[MJ]	1.05E01	1.89E-01	1.26E-02	3.11E-01	1.21E00	0	4.96E-02	9.33E-02	1.09E00	1.64E-01	-3.83E00
PENRM	[MJ]	1.15E01	0	4.53E-03	0	1.04E00	0	0	0	-7.76E-01	0	-6.36E-01
PENRT	[MJ]	2.19E01	1.89E-01	1.71E-02	3.11E-01	2.25E00	0	4.96E-02	9.33E-02	3.11E-01	1.64E-01	-4.47E00
SM	[kg]	3.08E-03	0	0	0	3.85E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF*	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF*	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	[kg]	3.32E-03	1.24E-05	5.57E-06	2.04E-05	3.57E-04	0	2.22E-05	5.95E-06	2.64E-04	3.63E-06	-6.32E-04

Caption

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

* Reference to only foreground system

Table 17 - Resource use: 1 m² TRASPIR NET 160

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	8.30E-01	7.58E-03	-8.14E-05	9.97E-03	9.49E-02	0	1.55E-02	3.53E-03	4.77E-03	1.18E-02	-5.99E-02
PERM	[MJ]	2.48E-01	0	1.84E-02	0	2.27E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	[MJ]	1.08E00	7.58E-03	1.83E-02	9.97E-03	1.18E-01	0	1.55E-02	3.53E-03	4.77E-03	1.18E-02	-5.99E-02
PENRE	[MJ]	7.26E00	1.32E-01	8.53E-03	3.49E-01	8.21E-01	0	3.37E-02	6.33E-02	2.52E-01	1.61E-01	-4.02E-01
PENRM	[MJ]	7.71E00	0	3.07E-03	0	7.47E-01	0	0	0	-2.34E-01	0	0
PENRT	[MJ]	1.50E01	1.32E-01	1.16E-02	3.49E-01	1.57E00	0	3.37E-02	6.33E-02	1.78E-02	1.61E-01	-4.02E-01
SM	[kg]	3.08E-03	0	0	0	3.85E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	[kg]	2.27E-03	8.69E-06	3.78E-06	1.17E-05	2.45E-04	0	1.51E-05	4.04E-06	4.74E-05	4.60E-06	-7.85E-05

Caption

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

Table 18 - Resource use: 1 m² LCA VAPOR IN GREEN 200

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	2.36E00	8.89E-03	-1.00E-04	1.95E-02	2.80E-01	0	1.91E-02	4.35E-03	2.97E-02	6.04E-03	-1.47E-01
PERM	[MJ]	1.97E00	0	2.27E-02	0	1.84E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	[MJ]	4.33E00	8.89E-03	2.26E-02	1.95E-02	4.64E-01	0	1.91E-02	4.35E-03	2.97E-02	6.04E-03	-1.47E-01
PENRE	[MJ]	6.07E00	1.55E-01	1.05E-02	4.12E-01	1.02E00	0	4.15E-02	7.81E-02	4.59E-01	7.22E-02	-8.85E-01
PENRM	[MJ]	4.68E00	0	3.79E-03	0	8.27E-01	0	0	0	-3.42E-01	0	0
PENRT	[MJ]	1.07E01	1.55E-01	1.43E-02	4.12E-01	1.84E00	0	4.15E-02	7.81E-02	1.18E-01	7.22E-02	-8.85E-01
SM	[kg]	3.08E-03	0	0	0	3.85E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	[kg]	2.72E-03	1.02E-05	4.67E-06	2.24E-05	4.12E-04	0	1.86E-05	4.98E-06	2.65E-04	9.05E-06	-1.72E-04

Caption

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

LCA results – Output flows and waste categories per functional unit

Table 19 - Output flows and waste categories: 1 m² TRASPIR 110

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	1.55E-09	4.79E-12	3.29E-11	9.36E-12	4.11E-10	0	5.84E-12	2.09E-12	1.42E-11	1.70E-11	-2.89E-10
NHWD	[kg]	4.01E-03	1.43E-05	2.71E-04	3.38E-05	1.65E-02	0	1.57E-05	6.17E-06	7.35E-04	9.00E-02	-4.15E-04
RWD	[kg]	1.65E-04	1.65E-07	1.82E-07	3.87E-07	2.83E-05	0	3.29E-06	5.03E-08	5.38E-06	1.10E-06	-4.89E-05
CRU	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	[kg]	0	0	0	0	9.32E-04	0	0	0	1.13E-02	0	0
MER	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EEE	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	2.12E-02	0	0	0	1.21E-01	0	0
EET	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	2.82E-02	0	0	0	2.16E-01	0	0

Caption

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

Table 20 - Output flows and waste categories: 1 m² TRASPIR EVO UV 210

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	1.27E-08	9.70E-12	7.19E-11	2.08E-11	1.46E-09	0	1.27E-11	4.57E-12	4.54E-11	2.62E-11	-5.64E-10
NHWD	[kg]	8.70E-02	2.89E-05	5.91E-04	6.98E-05	3.20E-02	0	3.42E-05	1.35E-05	6.62E-03	1.42E-01	-8.47E-04
RWD	[kg]	4.85E-04	3.34E-07	3.98E-07	8.03E-07	4.89E-05	0	7.18E-06	1.10E-07	1.68E-05	1.72E-06	-6.30E-05
CRU	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	[kg]	0	0	0	0	1.34E-03	0	0	0	3.55E-02	0	0
MER	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EEE	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	2.57E-02	0	0	0	1.47E-01	0	0
EET	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	3.14E-02	0	0	0	2.17E-01	0	0

Caption

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

Table 21 - Output flows and waste categories: 1 m² CLIMA CONTROL 80

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	8.00E-09	4.35E-12	2.94E-11	9.13E-12	1.06E-09	0	5.21E-12	1.87E-12	1.42E-11	1.33E-11	-4.12E-10
NHWD	[kg]	7.47E-03	1.29E-05	2.42E-04	3.22E-05	1.47E-02	0	1.40E-05	5.51E-06	2.15E-03	7.14E-02	-5.00E-04
RWD	[kg]	1.35E-04	1.50E-07	1.63E-07	3.69E-07	2.72E-05	0	2.94E-06	4.49E-08	5.52E-06	8.67E-07	-4.12E-05
CRU	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	[kg]	0	0	0	0	9.98E-04	0	0	0	1.06E-02	0	0
MER	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EEE	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	1.93E-02	0	0	0	9.47E-02	0	0
EET	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	2.46E-02	0	0	0	1.65E-01	0	0

Caption

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

Tabel 22 - Output flows and waste categories: 1 m² TRASPIR EVO 160

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	6.99E-09	7.28E-12	5.49E-11	1.40E-11	7.07E-10	0	9.73E-12	3.49E-12	3.85E-11	2.17E-11	-6.32E-10
NHWD	[kg]	9.56E-03	2.17E-05	4.52E-04	4.64E-05	1.92E-02	0	2.61E-05	1.03E-05	2.46E-03	1.16E-01	-8.49E-04
RWD	[kg]	3.05E-04	2.51E-07	3.04E-07	5.34E-07	2.57E-05	0	5.48E-06	8.37E-08	1.46E-05	1.41E-06	-6.90E-05
CRU	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	[kg]	0	0	0	0	1.45E-03	0	0	0	3.16E-02	0	0
MER	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EEE	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	2.12E-02	0	0	0	1.54E-01	0	0
EET	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	3.23E-02	0	0	0	2.63E-01	0	0

Caption

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

Table 23: Output flows and waste categories: 1 m² TRASPIR EVO 300

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	1.64E-08	1.30E-11	9.83E-11	2.17E-11	1.58E-09	0	1.74E-11	6.24E-12	7.99E-11	3.68E-11	-8.18E-10
NHWD	[kg]	1.33E-01	3.88E-05	8.08E-04	6.95E-05	4.46E-02	0	4.67E-05	1.84E-05	5.54E-03	2.01E-01	-1.14E-03
RWD	[kg]	6.02E-04	4.49E-07	5.44E-07	8.01E-07	5.06E-05	0	9.81E-06	1.50E-07	3.03E-05	2.43E-06	-5.69E-05
CRU	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	[kg]	0	0	0	0	1.78E-03	0	0	0	6.76E-02	0	0
MER	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EEE	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	1.97E-02	0	0	0	1.02E-01	0	0
EET	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	1.81E-02	0	0	0	1.02E-01	0	0

Caption

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

Table 24 - Output flows and waste categories: 1 m² TRASPIR WELD EVO 360

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	2.63E-08	1.46E-11	1.11E-10	2.17E-11	2.80E-09	0	1.96E-11	7.04E-12	2.25E-11	6.49E-11	-1.08E-09
NHWD	[kg]	2.79E-02	4.35E-05	9.11E-04	9.13E-05	4.83E-02	0	5.27E-05	2.08E-05	2.46E-03	3.45E-01	-8.12E-04
RWD	[kg]	7.72E-04	5.02E-07	6.12E-07	1.04E-06	8.45E-05	0	1.11E-05	1.69E-07	8.27E-06	4.20E-06	-4.32E-05
CRU	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	[kg]	0	0	0	0	4.18E-04	0	0	0	1.79E-02	0	0
MER	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EEE	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	1.41E-02	0	0	0	5.27E-02	0	0
EET	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	1.20E-02	0	0	0	9.73E-02	0	0

Caption

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

Table 25 - Output flows and waste categories: 1 m² VAPOR 225

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	6.58E-09	9.97E-12	7.39E-11	1.64E-11	6.73E-10	0	1.31E-11	4.70E-12	7.20E-11	2.94E-11	-7.39E-10
NHWD	[kg]	1.05E-02	2.97E-05	6.08E-04	4.88E-05	2.66E-02	0	3.52E-05	1.39E-05	4.47E-03	1.57E-01	-9.75E-04
RWD	[kg]	3.11E-04	3.43E-07	4.09E-07	5.64E-07	3.13E-05	0	7.38E-06	1.13E-07	2.72E-05	1.91E-06	-6.87E-05
CRU	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	[kg]	0	0	0	0	2.11E-03	0	0	0	6.07E-02	0	0
MER	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EEE	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	1.96E-02	0	0	0	1.19E-01	0	0
EET	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	3.01E-02	0	0	0	2.12E-01	0	0

Caption

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

Table 26 - Output flows and waste categories: 1 m² TRASPIR NET 160

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	6.35E-09	6.97E-12	5.02E-11	1.00E-11	6.50E-10	0	8.90E-12	3.19E-12	4.00E-12	2.90E-11	-8.15E-11
NHWD	[kg]	8.63E-03	2.08E-05	4.13E-04	4.42E-05	2.58E-02	0	2.39E-05	9.41E-06	3.86E-04	1.55E-01	-1.41E-04
RWD	[kg]	1.98E-04	2.40E-07	2.78E-07	5.02E-07	2.32E-05	0	5.01E-06	7.66E-08	1.49E-06	1.88E-06	-1.93E-05
CRU	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	[kg]	0	0	0	0	1.71E-04	0	0	0	3.06E-03	0	0
MER	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EEE	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	1.28E-02	0	0	0	4.66E-02	0	0
EET	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	8.11E-03	0	0	0	6.65E-02	0	0

Caption

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

Table 27 - Output flows and waste categories: 1 m² LCA VAPOR IN GREEN 200

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	3.13E-08	8.17E-12	6.19E-11	1.83E-11	3.38E-09	0	1.10E-11	3.94E-12	2.57E-11	1.21E-11	-1.57E-10
NHWD	[kg]	1.09E-02	2.43E-05	5.10E-04	6.03E-05	1.95E-02	0	2.94E-05	1.16E-05	9.40E-03	1.16E-01	-3.52E-04
RWD	[kg]	1.86E-04	2.81E-07	3.43E-07	6.93E-07	3.00E-05	0	6.18E-06	9.45E-08	8.99E-06	8.39E-07	-4.72E-05
CRU	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	[kg]	0	0	0	0	1.38E-03	0	0	0	1.73E-02	0	0
MER	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EEE	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	1.98E-02	0	0	0	1.28E-01	0	0
EET	[MJ]	0	0	0	0	2.74E-02	0	0	0	2.04E-01	0	0

Caption

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

Biogenic C Content

Table 22- Biogenic carbon content of product and packaging: 1 m² TRASPIR 110

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Biog. C in packaging	[kg]	5.9E-003	0	2.9E-004	0	6.2E-004	0	0	0	0	0	0
Biog. C in product	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Caption

Biog. C in packaging = Biogenic carbon content in packaging; Biog. C in product = Biogenic carbon content in product

Table 23- Biogenic carbon content of product and packaging: 1 m² TRASPIR EVO UV 210

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Biog. C in packaging	[kg]	5.9E-003	0	6.2E-004	0	6.6E-004	0	0	0	0	0	0
Biog. C in product	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Caption

Biog. C in packaging = Biogenic carbon content in packaging; Biog. C in product = Biogenic carbon content in product



Table 23- Biogenic carbon content of product and packaging: 1 m² CLIMA CONTROL 80

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Biog. C in packaging	[kg]	5.9E-003	0	2.6E-004	0	6.2E-004	0	0	0	0	0	0
Biog. C in product	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Caption

Biog. C in packaging = Biogenic carbon content in packaging; Biog. C in product = Biogenic carbon content in product

. Table 24 - Biogenic carbon content of product and packaging: 1 m² TRASPIR EVO 160

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Biog. C in packaging	[kg]	3.3E-003	0	4.8E-004	0	3.8E-004	0	0	0	0	0	0
Biog. C in product	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Caption

Biog. C in packaging = Biogenic carbon content in packaging; Biog. C in product = Biogenic carbon content in product

Table 25 - Biogenic carbon content of product and packaging: 1 m² TRASPIR EVO 300

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Biog. C in packaging	[kg]	5.9E-003	0	8.5E-004	0	6.8E-004	0	0	0	0	0	0
Biog. C in product	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Caption	Biog. C in packaging = Biogenic carbon content in packaging; Biog. C in product = Biogenic carbon content in product											
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Table 26 -Biogenic carbon content of product and packaging: 1 m² TRASPIR WELD EVO 360

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Biog. C in packaging	[kg]	5.9E-003	0	9.6E-004	0	6.9E-004	0	0	0	0	0	0
Biog. C in product	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Caption	Biog. C in packaging = Biogenic carbon content in packaging; Biog. C in product = Biogenic carbon content in product											
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Table 27 - Biogenic carbon content of product and packaging: 1 m² VAPOR 225

Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Biog. C in packaging	[kg]	5.9E-003	0	6.4E-004	0	6.6E-004	0	0	0	0	0	0
Biog. C in product	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Caption	Biog. C in packaging = Biogenic carbon content in packaging; Biog. C in product = Biogenic carbon content in product											
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Table 28 - Biogenic

carbon content of product and packaging: 1 m² TRASPIR NET 160

Para-meter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Biog. C in packaging	[kg]	5.9E-003	0	4.4E-004	0	6.4E-004	0	0	0	0	0	0
Biog. C in product	[kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Caption

Biog. C in packaging = Biogenic carbon content in packaging; Biog. C in product = Biogenic carbon content in product

Table 28 - Biogenic carbon content of product and packaging: 1 m² LCA VAPOR IN GREEN 200

Para-meter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1-B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Biog. C in packaging	[kg]	3.3E-003	0	5.4E-004	0	3.9E-004	0	0	0	0	0	0
Biog. C in product	[kg]	4.6E-002	0	0	0	4.6E-003	0	0	0	0	0	0

Caption

Biog. C in packaging = Biogenic carbon content in packaging; Biog. C in product = Biogenic carbon content in product

Calculation rules

Assumptions

Where possible, a conservative approach has been adopted, overestimating burdens to prove irrelevance. In other cases, alternatives data were selected based on scientific experience, in order to improve the accuracy of the model. Where it was not possible to know the exact materials composition in the supply chain (due to commercial or industrial confidential suppliers' reasons or due to missing datasets), these have been approximated with LCIs of similar materials, estimated by the combination of available dataset or reconstructed with literature data.

The list of assumptions in the LCA study are as follows:

1. Lead batteries have been taken into account as a conservative choice.
2. in A5 and C modules, where potential benefits from energy recovery are considered, European grid mix values were used as a basis for the rest of the world calculations.
3. For boilers (natural gas fed) an efficiency factor equal to 0.95 is considered.
4. For distribution an estimated distance of 500 km by truck is added to the transport via ship (whose distance (6520 km) is taken from the /PCR: CERAMIC TILES AND PANELS/ for countries belonging to Rest of World area).
5. The functional unit is defined without packaging.
6. In case of transports on truck where the payload was neither available nor conceivable, utilization factor of 0.53 has been considered (empty way back).
7. When a specific distribution scenario (A4) was unavailable, a scenario of a similar product has been considered.
8. For end of life scenarios, the relative proportion between recycling and energy recovery has been assumed to be the same as in /ISPRA/ for 2010 as Building & Construction update percentage for Italy only considered the overall recovery percentage, not distinguishing between recycling and energy recovery.
9. We assume that supplier packaging waste are raw materials' packaging and they are also input in the manufacturing process.
10. Distance to disposal site after demolition is assumed to be 100 km
11. The content of antimony within the flame retardant has been assumed to be 20%, the remaining is modelled as polymeric flame retardant.

Cut off rules

EN 15804 requires that in case of data discrepancies or insufficient input data for a unit process, the cut-off criteria shall be 1% of renewable and non-renewable primary energy usage and 1% of the total mass of this unit process. The total neglected flows from a product stage must be no more than 5% of product inputs by mass or 5% of primary energy contribution.

Production of capital equipment, facilities and infrastructure required for manufacture are outside the scope of this assessment.

Data quality

The data quality can be considered as good. The LCA models have been checked and most relevant flows were considered. Technological, geographical and temporal representativeness is appropriate.

Examination period

Primary data collected in the context of this study refer to 2019.

Allocation – upstream data

Information about single datasets is documented in <http://database-documentation.gabisoftware.com/support/gabi/>.

Scenarios and additional technical information

- Module A1 refers to all raw materials impacts production with supplier's packaging and all types of energy inputs. all production activities. waste treatment and process emissions from the supplier's plant. Primary data have been collected from supplier.
- Module A2 includes the product transport from the supplier to Rothoblaas plant
- Module A3 comprises all activities related to warehousing and additional packaging from Rothoblaas. Membranes are distributed by Rothoblaas that sells rolls individually or as whole pallets. Packaging includes polyethylene film. cardboard to protect separate rolls. PET bands and pallets.

Additional packaging from Rothoblaas comprises pallets. PET strips and PE film and is added whenever original packaging from supplier is not kept (66.5% of the times packaging from supplier is maintained). Final packaging is calculated as follows:

Final product packaging

Material	Final packaging
Wooden pallet	66.5% *Wood Supplier packaging + Rothoblaas wood packaging
PE film packaging	PE Supplier packaging + Rothoblaas PE packaging
PET film packaging	66.5% * PET Supplier packaging + Rothoblaas PET packaging
Cardboard packaging	66.5% * Cardboard Supplier packaging

Products rolls areas

Product	Height [m]	Length [m]	Membrane area [m2]
TRASPIR 110	1.5	50	75
TRASPIR EVO UV 210	1.5	50	75
CLIMA CONTROL 80	1.5	50	75
TRASPIR EVO 160	1.5	50	75
TRASPIR EVO 300	1.5	50	75
TRASPIR WELD EVO 360	3	25	75
VAPOR 225	1.5	50	75
TRASPIR NET 160	1.5	50	75
VAPOR IN GREEN 200	1.5	50	75

- Module A4 takes into account the transport to the final customer/distributor. In 2019, membranes were sold mainly to Italy and Europe, only partially to the rest of the world. The distribution scenario is shown below:

Product	IT	EU	Truck [km]	Ship [km]
TRASPIR 110	12%	32%	817	3654
TRASPIR EVO UV 210	22%	41%	898	2397
CLIMA CONTROL 80	1%	46%	890	3440
TRASPIR EVO 160	46%	26%	807	1864
TRASPIR EVO 300	82%	2%	708	1065
TRASPIR WELD EVO 360	16%	4%	565	5254
VAPOR 225	100%	0,00%	718	0
TRASPIR NET 160	0%	8%	542	6018
VAPOR IN GREEN 200	15%	53%	937	2086

- For Module A5 the following parameters have been taken into account:

Installation		
Material	Amount	Note
Stainless steel clips	0.10 g/m ²	For all products
Adhesive band	28 g for 1 m of membrane's length. 28/1000/(height*2) kg/m ²	Only for products not having the double tape
Adhesive band (1.5 m height)	28/1000/1.5*2 = 0.00933 kg/ m ²	Only for products not having the double tape
Adhesive band (3 m height)	28/1000/3*2 = 0.00466 kg/ m ²	Only for products not having the double tape
Weld liquid (1.5 m height)	[(0.15/200)*1.5*weld-liquid_density/2]/2 kg/m ²	Only for TWELD360 [50% of the times]
Weld liquid (3 m height)	[(0.15/200)*3*weld-liquid_density/2]/2 kg/m ²	Only for TWELD360 [50% of the times]
Electric tool (1.5 m height)	(0.1 ² h *1.6 ³ kW)/(1.5m*2))/2 kWh/ m ²	Only for TWELD360 [50% of the times]
Electric tool (3 m height)	(0.1 ⁸ h*1.6 ⁹ kW)/(3*2))/2 kWh/ m ²	Only for TWELD360 [50% of the times]

- Module B (maintenance and operational use): Operational use and Maintenance are not relevant for membranes. A general scenario of zero impact for the system is considered for all B modules (B1-B2-B3-B4-B5-B6-B7).
- Module C1 (Deconstruction / demolition) has been included and deconstruction impacts have been considered.
- Module C3 (recycling and incineration with energy recovery) and C4 (landfilling) consider the end of life scenarios of the product, considering all components of the installed membranes. The percentages to the given scenarios have been taken from statistics related to Building & Construction wastes.

² 0.1 h is the time required to joint 1 m membrane lenght

³ 1.6 kW is the power of the electric tool

End of life scenarios for plastic B&C wastes

Scenario	Italy	Europe	Rest of World
Source	/PLASTIC WASTE FROM B&C IN EU 2018/ /ISPRA/	/PLASTIC WASTE FROM B&C IN EU 2018/	/
Recycling	12.5 ⁴ /16.2 ⁵ *36%=28%	26%	0
Incineration	3.7 ⁶ /16.2*36%=8%	47.5%	0
Landfill	64%	26.5%	100%

- Module D consists of loads and benefits beyond the system boundaries.

⁴ Recycling percentage for B&C waste in Italy /PLASTIC WASTE FROM B&C IN EU 2018/

⁵ Recycling + Energy recovery for B&C waste in Italy /PLASTIC WASTE FROM B&C IN EU 2018/

⁶ Energy recovery for B&C waste in Italy /PLASTIC WASTE FROM B&C IN EU 2018/

Other additional environmental information

Emissions to indoor air:

No direct emissions at the building site. Rothoblaas srl confirms that the products don't contain any substances mentioned on the REACH-list.

Emissions to soil and water:

No direct emissions at the building site. Rothoblaas srl confirms that the products don't contain any substances mentioned on the REACH-list.

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